

**A LOCAL LAW PROVIDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION AND
ENFORCEMENT OF THE NEW YORK STATE UNIFORM FIRE PREVENTION AND
BUILDING CODE**

Local Law1 of 2026

**Amending Local Law 6 of 2006 adopted on 12-28-2006 by The Board of Trustees
Of the Village of Schuylerville**

Be it enacted by the Village Board of Trustees of Schuylerville, in the County of Saratoga, as follows:

SECTION 1. PURPOSE AND INTENT

This local law provides for the administration and enforcement of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code (the Uniform Code) the State Energy Conservation Construction Code (the Energy Code) and the American Society of Mechanical Engineers CSD-1- Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers most recent edition in this Village. This local law is adopted pursuant to section 10 of the Municipal Home Rule Law. Except as otherwise provided in the Uniform Code, other state law, or other section of this local law, all buildings, structures, and premises, regardless of use or occupancy, are subject to the provisions this local law.

SECTION 1.A REPEAL OF PRIOR RELATED LOCAL LAWS. The enactment of this local law hereby repeals [HISTORY: Adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Schuylerville 12-28-2006 by L.L. No. 6-2006. Amendments noted where applicable.]

Page 48 our code book

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS

In this local law:

“Assembly Area” shall mean an area in any building, or in any portion of a building, that is primarily used or intended to be used for gathering fifty or more persons for uses including, but not limited to, amusement, athletic, entertainment, social, or other recreational functions; patriotic, political, civic, educational, or religious functions; food or drink consumption; awaiting transportation; or similar purposes..

“ASME” shall mean the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

“Board of Trustees” shall mean the Board of Trustees of the Village of Schuylerville.

“Building Permit” shall mean a permit issued pursuant to section 4 of this local law. The term “Building Permit” shall also include a Building Permit which is renewed, amended or extended pursuant to any provision of this local law.

“Building Safety Inspector” shall mean the Building Safety Inspector appointed pursuant to subdivision (b) (17) of section 3 of this local law.

“Bureau Chief of Fire Services” shall mean the Bureau Chief of Fire Services appointed pursuant to subdivision (e) of section 3.1 of this local law.

“Certificate of Compliance” shall mean a document issued by the Code Enforcement Officer stating that work was done in compliance with approved construction documents and the Codes.

“Certificate of Occupancy” shall mean a certificate issued pursuant to subdivision (b) of section 7 of this local law.

“Code Enforcement Officer” shall mean the Code Enforcement Officer appointed pursuant to subdivision (b) (15) of section 3 of this local law.

“Code Enforcement Personnel” shall include the Code Enforcement Officer, Fire Marshall and all Inspectors.

“Codes” shall mean the Uniform Code and Energy Code.

“Department of Code Enforcement” shall mean the Village department consisting of the code enforcement personnel”.

“Deputy Bureau Chief of Fire Services” shall mean the Deputy Bureau Chief of Fire Services appointed pursuant to subdivision (g) of section 3.1 of this local law.

“Energy Code” shall mean the State Energy Conservation Construction Code, as currently in effect and as hereafter amended from time to time.

“Fire Marshal” shall mean the Fire Marshal appointed pursuant to subdivision (g) of section 3.1 of this local law.

“Fire Inspector” shall mean a fire inspector appointed pursuant to subdivision (g) of section 3.1 of this local law.

“Fire Safety and Property Maintenance Inspection” shall mean an inspection performed to determine compliance with the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1225 and the publications incorporated therein by reference and the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1226 and the publications incorporated therein by reference.

“Hazardous Production Materials” shall mean a solid, liquid, or gas associated with semiconductor manufacturing that has a degree-of-hazard rating in health, flammability, or instability of Class 3 or 4, as ranked by NFPA 704 (Standard Systems for Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response), and which is used directly in research, laboratory, or production processes which have, as their end product, materials that are not hazardous.

“Inspector” shall mean an inspector appointed pursuant to subdivision (d) of section 4 of this local law.

“Mayor” shall mean the Village Mayor.

“Mobile Food Preparation Vehicles” shall mean vehicles that contain cooking equipment that produces smoke or grease-laden vapors for the purpose of preparing and serving food to the public. Vehicles intended for private recreation shall not be considered mobile food preparation vehicles.

“Operating Permit” shall mean a permit issued pursuant to section 10 of this local law. The term “Operating Permit” shall also include an Operating Permit which is renewed, amended or extended pursuant to any provision of this local law.

“Order to Remedy” shall mean an order issued by the Code Enforcement Officer pursuant to subdivision (a) of section 17 of this local law.

“Permit Holder” shall mean the Person to whom a Building Permit has been issued.

“Person” shall include an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, limited partnership, business trust, estate, trust, association, or any other legal or commercial entity of any kind or description.

“Repair” shall mean the reconstruction, replacement, or renewal of any part of an existing building for the purpose of its maintenance or to correct damage.

“Stop Work Order” shall mean an order issued pursuant to section 6 of this local law.

“Sugarhouse” shall mean a building used, in whole or in part, for the collection, storage, or processing of maple sap into maple syrup and/or maple sugar.

“Superintendent of the Department of Code Enforcement” shall mean the Superintendent of the Department of Code Enforcement appointed pursuant to subdivision (b) (14) of section 3 of this local law.

“Temporary Certificate of Occupancy” shall mean a certificate issued pursuant to subdivision (d) of section 7 of this local law.

“Uniform Code” shall mean the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code, as currently in effect and as hereafter amended from time to time.

“Village” shall mean the Village of Stillwater, County of Saratoga, New York.

SECTION 3. DEPARTMENT OF CODE ENFORCEMENT, OFFICERS AND INSPECTORS

(a) The Department of Code Enforcement is hereby created. The Department of Code enforcement shall administer and enforce the provisions of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, and any other laws, local laws, ordinances, or rules within the Village of Schuylerville.

(b) Powers and duties. The Department of Code Enforcement shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) to receive, review, and approve or disapprove applications for Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, and the plans, specifications and construction documents submitted with such applications;
- (2) upon approval of such applications, to issue Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance, and to include in Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, and all other permits as may be applicable under the Uniform Code and this local law upon such terms and conditions as the Code Enforcement Officer may determine to be appropriate;
- (3) to conduct construction inspections, inspections to be made prior to the issuance of Certificates of Occupancy, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, Compliance Certificates, inspections incidental to the investigation of complaints, and all other inspections required or permitted under any provision of this local law;

- (4) to issue Stop Work Orders;
- (5) to review and investigate complaints;
- (6) to issue orders pursuant to subdivision (a) of section 17 (Violations) of this local law;
- (7) to maintain records;
- (8) to collect fees as set by the Village Board of Trustees of this Village;
- (9) to pursue administrative enforcement actions and proceedings;
- (10) in consultation with legal counsel retained by the Village, to pursue such legal actions and proceedings as may be necessary to enforce the Uniform Code, the Energy Code and this local law, or to abate or correct conditions not in compliance with the Uniform Code, the Energy Code or this local law; and
- (11) to exercise all other powers and fulfill all other duties conferred upon the Department of Code Enforcement by this local law.
- (12) Testify in court regarding violations of the Uniform Code, Energy Code, this local law, and any other laws, local laws, ordinances, or rules within the Village of Schuylerville; and
- (13) Keep appropriate records to prepare mandatory and discretionary reports on all activities.
- (14) The office of Superintendent of the Department of Code Enforcement is hereby created. The Superintendent of the Department of Code Enforcement shall be responsible for the management, administration and exercise of all powers and duties of the Department of Code Enforcement and shall also serve in the capacity of a Code Enforcement Officer. The Superintendent of the Department of Code Enforcement shall report and be directly responsible to the Village Mayor.
- (15) The office of Code Enforcement Officer is hereby created. The Code Enforcement Officer shall administer and enforce all the provisions of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code and this local law. The Code Enforcement Officer shall be appointed by the Mayor of this Village. The Code Enforcement Officer shall possess background experience related to building construction or fire prevention and shall, within the time prescribed by law, obtain such basic training, in-service training, advanced in-service training and other training as the State of New York shall require for code enforcement personnel, and the Code Enforcement Officer shall obtain Code Enforcement Official certification from the State Fire Administrator pursuant to the Executive Law and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (16) In the event that the Code Enforcement Officer is unable to serve as such for any reason, an individual shall be appointed by the Mayor of this Village to serve as Acting Code Enforcement Officer. The Acting Code Enforcement Officer shall, during the term of his or her appointment, exercise all powers and fulfill all duties conferred upon the Code Enforcement Officer by this local law.
- (17) One or more Building Safety Inspectors may be appointed by the Mayor of this Village to act under the supervision and direction of the Superintendent of the Department of Code Enforcement or in case of vacancy in that office, the Code Enforcement Officer and to assist the Code Enforcement Officer in the exercise of the powers and fulfillment of the duties conferred upon the Code Enforcement

Officer by this local law. Each Building Safety Inspector shall, within the time prescribed by law, obtain such basic training, in-service training, advanced in-service training and other training as the State of New York shall require for code enforcement personnel, and each Building Safety Inspector shall obtain Building Safety Inspector certification from the State Fire Administrator pursuant to the Executive Law and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

- (18) The compensation for the Superintendent of the Department of Code Enforcement, Code Enforcement Officer and Building Safety Inspectors shall be fixed from time to time by the Village Board of Trustees of this Village.

(a) Rules and Regulations. The Department of Code Enforcement may propose that the Village Board of Trustees adopt rules and regulations for the administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code, Energy Code, this local law and any other laws, local laws, ordinances, or rules involving fire safety within the Village of Stillwater. All such rules and regulations shall be published at least ten (10) days prior to the effective date thereof in a newspaper of general circulation within the Village of Schuylerville.

(b) Right of Entry. The Bureau of Fire Services at all reasonable hours may enter any building or premises for the purpose of making any inspection, investigation or other act required for the enforcement of the Uniform Code, Energy Code, and any other laws, local laws, ordinances, or rules involving building construction within the Village of Schuylerville.

SECTION 3.1. BUREAU OF FIRE SERVICES

(c) The office of Bureau of Fire Services is hereby created. The Bureau of Fire Services shall administer and enforce the provisions of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, and any other laws, local laws, ordinances, or rules involving fire safety within the Village of Schuylerville.

- (d) Powers and duties. The Bureau of Fire Services shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) to inspect all places of public assembly, industrial and commercial buildings, multiple dwellings, schools, hotels, lodging houses, medical facilities, churches, halls, theaters, tents/canopies, and other places in which numbers of persons may work, live or congregate from time to time for the prevention of fires, installation and maintenance of automatic and other private fire alarm systems, fire extinguishing equipment and systems, the means and adequacy of fire exits, general fire safety compliance, and such other and further services with regard to decreasing fire hazards as may be required of the Bureau by the Village Board of Trustees or the Village Mayor;

(2) to inspect vacant buildings for fire and safety hazards to recommend securing or demolition of such vacant buildings where necessary;

(3) to inspect construction, excavation and demolition operations for fire and safety hazards;

(4) to perform all inspections related to maximum occupancy signage, fire lane enforcement, automated external defibrillators (AEDs); fire hydrants and flow tests, hot work, infectious control, exotic animals, baby safe haven, trust ID, Knox box, fireworks and explosives, safety data sheets, and any other inspections required by the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, and any other laws, local laws, ordinances, or rules involving fire safety within the Village of Schuylerville;

(5) to perform fire investigations at the request of the Village Fire Chief or Village Mayor;

(6) to establish and administer programs and procedures for fire prevention management, emergency and disaster planning, fire extinguisher training, hot work training, financial recovery of monies spent on fighting fires on state and federal lands, financial recovery of back taxes on property insured by a fire insurance company after a fire, reporting of all bulk hazardous material, financial reimbursement of equipment destroyed or contaminated on hazardous material calls, and compilation of man hours and equipment used by the Bureau of Fire Services and Fire Department during a state of emergency;

(7) to administer the Village of Schuylerville's 911 emergency response program, establish and review 911 addresses for new building permits or existing addresses where required, and to coordinate the program with the appropriate local, county, State, and Federal agencies;

(8) to participate in training and continuing education as required by the New York State Department of State Division of Code Enforcement, New York State Office of fire Prevention and Control, or any other agencies having jurisdiction over fire safety and prevention enforcement;

(9) to issue all Operating Permits, Demolition Permits, Certificates of Compliance, and all other permits as may be applicable under the Uniform Code and this local law upon such terms and conditions as the Bureau of Fire Services may determine to be appropriate;

(10) to review and investigate complaints;

(11) to issue Stop Work Orders;

(12) to issue orders pursuant to subdivision (a) of section 17 (Violations) of this local law;

(13) in consultation with legal counsel retained by the Village, to pursue such legal actions and proceedings as may be necessary to enforce the Uniform Code, the Energy Code and this local law, or to abate or correct conditions not in compliance with the Uniform Code, the Energy Code or this local law; and

(14) to exercise all other powers and fulfill all other duties conferred upon the Code Enforcement Officer by this local law.

(15) Testify in court regarding violations of the Uniform Code, Energy Code, this local law, and any other laws, local laws, ordinances, or rules involving fire safety within the Village of Schuylerville; and

(16) Keep appropriate records to prepare mandatory and discretionary reports on all activities.

(e) Rules and Regulations. The Bureau of Fire Services may propose that the Village Board of Trustees adopt rules and regulations for the administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code, Energy Code, this local law and any other laws, local laws, ordinances, or rules involving fire safety within the Village of Schuylerville. All such rules and regulations shall be published at least ten (10) days prior to the effective date thereof in a newspaper of general circulation within the Village of Schuylerville.

(f) Right of Entry. The Bureau of Fire Services at all reasonable hours may enter any building or premises for the purpose of making any inspection, investigation or other act required for the enforcement of the

Uniform Code, Energy Code, and any other laws, local laws, ordinances, or rules involving fire safety within the Village of Schuylerville.

(g) Bureau Chief of Fire Services. The office of Bureau Chief of Fire Services is hereby created. The Bureau Chief shall be appointed by the Village Mayor. The Bureau Chief shall be responsible for the management, administration and exercise of all powers and duties of the Bureau of Fire Services. The Bureau Chief shall report and be directly responsible to the Village Mayor.

(h) In the event that the Bureau Chief of Fire Services is unable to serve as such for any reason, an individual shall be appointed by the Village Mayor to serve as Acting Bureau Chief of Fire Services. The Acting Bureau Chief shall, during the term of his or her appointment, be responsible for the management, administration and exercise of all powers and duties of the Bureau of Fire Services.

(i) Deputy Bureau Chief, Fire Marshall, Fire Inspector. The Village Mayor may appoint a Deputy Bureau Chief, Fire Marshall and one or more Fire Inspectors to serve within the Bureau of Fire Services under the direction and supervision of the Bureau Chief. The Deputy Bureau Chief, Fire Marshall and Fire Inspectors may exercise all powers and duties of the Bureau of Fire Services as may be assigned to them by the Bureau Chief.

(j) Chain of Command. The chain of command for the Bureau of Fire Services shall be the Village Mayor, Bureau Chief of Fire Services, Deputy Bureau Chief of Fire Services, Fire Marshal, and Fire Inspector.

(k) All personnel of the Bureau of Fire Services who perform code enforcement duties that require training or certification from the State Fire Administrator pursuant to the Executive Law and the regulations promulgated thereunder shall obtain and maintain such training and certification.

(l) The compensation for the Bureau Chief of Fire Services, Deputy Bureau Chief of Fire Services, Fire Marshal, and Fire Inspector shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Trustees.

SECTION 4. BUILDING PERMITS

(a) Building Permits Required. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b) of this section, a Building Permit shall be required for any work which must conform to the Uniform Code and/or the Energy Code, including, but not limited to, the construction, enlargement, alteration, improvement, removal, relocation or demolition of any building or structure or any portion thereof, and the installation of a solid fuel burning heating appliance, chimney or flue in any dwelling unit. No Person shall commence any work for which a Building Permit is required without first having obtained a Building Permit from the Department of Code Enforcement.

(b) Exemptions. No Building Permit shall be required for work in any of the following categories:

- (1) construction or installation of one story detached structures associated with one- or two-family dwellings or multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) which are used for tool and storage sheds, playhouses or similar uses, provided the gross floor area does not exceed 144 square feet (13.88 square meters);
- (2) installation of swings and other playground equipment associated with a one- or two-family dwelling or multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses);

- (3) installation of swimming pools associated with a one- or two-family dwelling or multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) where such pools are designed for a water depth of less than 24 inches and are installed entirely above ground;
- (4) installation of fences which are not part of an enclosure surrounding a swimming pool;
- (5) construction of retaining walls unless such walls support a surcharge or impound Class I, II or IIIA liquids;
- (6) construction of temporary motion picture, television and theater stage sets and scenery;
- (7) installation of window awnings supported by an exterior wall of a one- or two-family dwelling or multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses);
- (8) installation of partitions or movable cases less than 5'-9" in height;
- (9) painting, wallpapering, tiling, carpeting, or other similar finish work;
- (10) installation of listed portable electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilation or cooling equipment or appliances;
- (11) replacement of any equipment provided the replacement does not alter the equipment's listing or render it inconsistent with the equipment's original specifications; or
- (12) repairs, provided that such repairs do not involve (i) the removal or cutting away of a loadbearing wall, partition, or portion thereof, or of any structural beam or load bearing component; (ii) the removal or change of any required means of egress, or the rearrangement of parts of a structure in a manner which affects egress; (iii) the enlargement, alteration, replacement or relocation of any building system; or (iv) the removal from service of all or part of a fire protection system for any period of time.

(c) Exemption not deemed authorization to perform non-compliant work. The exemption from the requirement to obtain a building permit for work in any category set forth in subdivision (b) of this section shall not be deemed an authorization for work to be performed in violation of the Uniform Code or the Energy Code.

(d) Applications for Building Permits. Applications for a Building Permit shall be made in writing on a form provided by or otherwise acceptable to the Department of Code Enforcement. The application shall be signed by the owner of the property where the work is to be performed or an authorized agent of the owner. The application shall include such information as the Department of Code Enforcement deems sufficient to permit a determination by the Department of Code Enforcement that the intended work complies with all applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code. The application shall include or be accompanied by the following information and documentation:

- (1) a description of the proposed work;
- (2) the tax map number and the street address of the premises where the work is to be performed;
- (3) the occupancy classification of any affected building or structure;

(4) where applicable, a statement of special inspections prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Code; and

(5) at least 2 sets of construction documents (drawings and/or specifications) which (i) define the scope of the proposed work; (ii) are prepared by a New York State registered architect or licensed professional engineer where so required by the Education Law; (iii) indicate with sufficient clarity and detail the nature and extent of the work proposed; (iv) substantiate that the proposed work will comply with the Uniform Code and the Energy Code; and (v) where applicable, include a site plan that shows any existing and proposed buildings and structures on the site, the location of any existing or proposed well or septic system, the location of the intended work, and the distances between the buildings and structures and the lot lines.

(e) Construction documents. Construction documents will not be accepted as part of an application for a Building Permit unless they satisfy the requirements set forth in paragraph (5) of subdivision (d) of this section. Construction documents which are accepted as part of the application for a Building Permit shall be marked as accepted by the Department of Code Enforcement in writing or by stamp. One set of the accepted construction documents shall be retained by the Department of Code Enforcement, and one set of the accepted construction documents shall be returned to the applicant to be kept at the work site so as to be available for use by the Code Enforcement Personnel. However, the return of a set of accepted construction documents to the applicant shall not be construed as authorization to commence work, nor as an indication that a Building Permit will be issued. Work shall not be commenced until and unless a Building Permit is issued.

(f) Issuance of Building Permits. An application for a Building Permit shall be examined to ascertain whether the proposed work is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and Energy Code. The Department of Code Enforcement shall issue a Building Permit if the proposed work is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and Energy Code.

(g) Building Permits to be displayed. Building permits shall be visibly displayed at the work site and shall remain visible until the authorized work has been completed.

(h) Work to be in accordance with construction documents. All work shall be performed in accordance with the construction documents which were submitted with and accepted as part of the application for the Building Permit. The Building Permit shall contain such a directive. The Permit Holder shall immediately notify the Department of Code Enforcement of any change occurring during the course of the work. The Building Permit shall contain such a directive. If the Department of Code Enforcement determines that such change warrants a new or amended Building Permit, such change shall not be made until and unless a new or amended Building Permit reflecting such change is issued.

(i) Time limits. Building Permits shall become invalid unless the authorized work is commenced within six (6) months following the date of issuance. Building Permits shall expire twelve (12) months after the date of issuance. A Building Permit which has become invalid or which has expired pursuant to this subdivision may be renewed upon application by the Permit Holder for a period of (6) months, payment of the applicable fee, and approval of the application by the Department of Code Enforcement.

(j) Revocation or suspension of Building Permits. If the Department of Code Enforcement determines that a Building Permit was issued in error because of incorrect, inaccurate or incomplete information, or that the work for which a Building Permit was issued violates the Uniform Code or the Energy Code, the Department of Code Enforcement shall revoke the Building Permit or suspend the Building Permit until such time as the Permit Holder demonstrates that (1) all work then completed is in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform

Code and the Energy Code and (2) all work then proposed to be performed shall be in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code.

(k) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 18 (Fees) of this local law must be paid at the time of submission of an application for a Building Permit, for an amended Building Permit, or for renewal of a Building Permit.

SECTION 5. CONSTRUCTION INSPECTIONS

(a) Work to remain accessible and exposed. Work shall remain accessible and exposed until inspected and accepted by the Department of Code Enforcement, or by an Inspector authorized by the Department of Code Enforcement. The Permit Holder shall notify the Department of Code Enforcement when any element of work described in subdivision (b) of this section is ready for inspection.

(b) Elements of work to be inspected. The following elements of the construction process shall be inspected made, where applicable:

- (1) work site prior to the issuance of a Building Permit;
- (2) footing and foundation;
- (3) preparation for concrete slab;
- (4) framing;
- (5) structural, electrical, plumbing, mechanical, fire-protection, and other similar service systems of the building;
- (6) fire resistant construction;
- (7) fire resistant penetrations;
- (8) solid fuel burning heating appliances, chimneys, flues or gas vents;
- (9) inspections required to demonstrate Energy Code compliance, including but not limited to insulation, fenestration, air leakage, system controls, mechanical equipment size, and, where required, minimum fan efficiencies, programmable thermostats, energy recovery, whole-house ventilation, plumbing heat traps, and high-performance lighting and controls;
- (10) installation, connection, and assembly of factor manufactured buildings and manufactured homes; and
- (11) a final inspection after all work authorized by the Building Permit has been completed.

(c) Remote inspections. At the discretion of the Department of Code Enforcement, Bureau of Fire Services or Inspector authorized to perform construction inspections, a remote inspection may be performed in lieu of an in-person inspection when, in the opinion of the Department of Code Enforcement, Bureau of Fire Services or such authorized Inspector, the remote inspection can be performed to the same level and quality as an in-person inspection and the remote inspection shows to the satisfaction of the Department of Code Enforcement, Bureau

of Fire Services or by such authorized Inspector that the elements of the construction process conform with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and Energy Code. Should a remote inspection not afford the Department of Code Enforcement, Bureau of Fire Services or such authorized Inspector sufficient information to make a determination, an in-person inspection shall be performed.

(d) Inspection results. After inspection, the work or a portion thereof shall be noted as satisfactory as completed, or the Permit Holder shall be notified as to where the work fails to comply with the Uniform Code or Energy Code. Work not in compliance with any applicable provision of the Uniform Code or Energy Code shall remain exposed until such work shall have been brought into compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code, reinspected, and found satisfactory as completed.

(e) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 18 (Fees) of this local law must be paid prior to or at the time of each inspection performed pursuant to this section.

SECTION 6. STOP WORK ORDERS

(a) Authority to issue. The Department of Code Enforcement and Bureau of Fire Services are authorized to issue Stop Work Orders pursuant to this section. A Stop Work Order to halt shall be issued where:

- (1) any work or operation that is determined by the Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services to be contrary to any applicable provision of the Uniform Code or Energy Code, without regard to whether such work is or is not work for which a Building Permit is required, and without regard to whether a Building Permit has or has not been issued for such work, or
- (2) any work that is being conducted in a dangerous or unsafe manner in the opinion of the Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services, without regard to whether such work is or is not work for which a Building Permit is required, and without regard to whether a Building Permit has or has not been issued for such work, or
- (3) any work for which a Building Permit is required which is being performed without the required Building Permit, or under a Building Permit that has become invalid, has expired, or has been suspended or revoked.

(b) Content of Stop Work Orders. Stop Work Orders shall (1) be in writing, (2) be dated and signed by the enforcement official, (3) state the reason or reasons for issuance, and (4) if applicable, state the conditions which must be satisfied before work will be permitted to resume.

(c) Service of Stop Work Orders. A Stop Work Order, or a copy thereof, shall be served on the owner of the affected property (and, if the owner is not the Permit Holder, on the Permit Holder) personally or by certified mail. The Stop Work Order, or a copy thereof, shall be permitted, but not required, to be served on any builder, architect, tenant, contractor, subcontractor, construction superintendent, or their agents, or any other Person taking part or assisting in work affected by the Stop Work Order, personally or by certified mail; provided, however, that failure to serve any Person mentioned in this sentence shall not affect the efficacy of the Stop Work Order.

(d) Effect of Stop Work Order. Upon the issuance of a Stop Work Order, the owner of the affected property, the Permit Holder and any other Person performing, taking part in or assisting in the work shall immediately cease all work which is the subject of the Stop Work Order.

(e) Remedy not exclusive. The issuance of a Stop Work Order shall not be the exclusive remedy available to address any event described in subdivision (a) of this section, and the authority to issue a Stop Work Order shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for or limitation of, the right and authority to pursue any other remedy or impose any other penalty under section 15 (Violations) of this local law or under any other applicable local law or State law. Any such other remedy or penalty may be pursued at any time, whether prior to, at the time of, or after the issuance of a Stop Work Order.

SECTION 7. CERTIFICATES OF OCCUPANCY AND CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE

(a) Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance required. A Certificate of Occupancy or a Certificate of Compliance shall be required for any work which is the subject of a Building Permit and for all structures, buildings, or portions thereof, which are converted from one use or occupancy classification or subclassification to another. Permission to use or occupy a building or structure, or portion thereof, for which a Building Permit was previously issued shall be granted only by issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance.

(b) Issuance of Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance. The Department of Code Enforcement, shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance if the work which was the subject of the Building Permit was completed in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and Energy Code and, if applicable, that the structure, building or portion thereof that was converted from one use or occupancy classification or subclassification to another complies with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and Energy Code. Department of Code Enforcement, or an Inspector authorized by the Department of Code Enforcement shall inspect the building, structure or work prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance. In addition, where applicable, the following documents, prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Code by such person or persons as may be designated by or otherwise acceptable to the Department of Code Enforcement at the expense of the applicant for the Certificate of Occupancy, shall be provided to the Department of Code Enforcement prior to the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance:

(1) a written statement of structural observations and/or a final report of special inspections;

(2) flood hazard certifications;

(3) a written statement of the results of tests performed to show compliance with the Energy Code, and

(4) where applicable, the affixation of the appropriate seals, insignias, and manufacturer's data plates as required for factory manufactured buildings and/or manufactured homes.

(c) Contents of Certificate of Occupancy and Certificate of Compliance. A Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance shall contain the following information:

(1) the Building Permit number, if any;

(2) the date of issuance of the Building Permit, if any;

(3) the name, address and tax map number of the property;

- (4) if the Certificate of Occupancy or a Certificate of Compliance is not applicable to an entire structure, a description of that portion of the structure for which the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance is issued;
- (5) the use and occupancy classification of the structure;
- (6) the type of construction of the structure;
- (7) the assembly occupant load of the structure, if any;
- (8) if an automatic sprinkler system is provided, a notation as to whether the sprinkler system is required;
- (9) any special conditions imposed in connection with the issuance of the Building Permit;
- (10) Truss ID; and
- (11) the signature of the Code Enforcement Official issuing the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance and the date of issuance.

(d) Temporary Certificate of Occupancy. The Department of Code Enforcement shall be permitted to issue a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy allowing the temporary occupancy of a building or structure, or a portion thereof, prior to completion of the work which is the subject of a Building Permit. However, in no event shall the Department of Code Enforcement issue a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy unless the Code Enforcement Officer determines (1) that the building or structure, or the portion thereof covered by the Temporary Certificate of Occupancy, may be occupied safely, (2) that any fire- and smoke detecting or fire protection equipment which has been installed is operational, and (3) that all required means of egress from the building or structure have been provided. The Code Enforcement Official may include in a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy such terms and conditions as he or she deems necessary or appropriate to ensure safety or to further the purposes and intent of the Uniform Code. A Temporary Certificate of Occupancy shall be effective for a period of time, not to exceed six (6) months, which shall be determined by the Code Enforcement Official and specified in the Temporary Certificate of Occupancy. During the specified period of effectiveness of the Temporary Certificate, the Permit Holder shall undertake to bring the building or structure into full compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code.

(e) Revocation or Suspension of Certificates. If the Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services determines that a Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance or a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy was issued in error because of incorrect, inaccurate or incomplete information, and if the relevant deficiencies are not corrected to the satisfaction of the Code Enforcement Official within such period of time as shall be specified by the Code Enforcement Official, the Code Enforcement Official shall revoke or suspend such certificate.

(f) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 18 (Fees) of this local law must be paid at the time of submission of an application for a Certificate of Occupancy or for Temporary Certificate.

SECTION 8. NOTIFICATION REGARDING FIRE OR EXPLOSION

The chief, or the incident commander in the absence of the chief, of any fire department providing firefighting services for a property within this Village shall promptly notify the Bureau of Fire Services of any fire or explosion involving any structural damage, fuel burning appliance, chimney or gas vent.

SECTION 9. UNSAFE BUILDING AND STRUCTURES

Unsafe structures and equipment in this Village shall be identified and addressed in accordance with applicable state law and the procedures established by Village of Schuylerville Local Law Number 1 of the Year 2026 entitled “Unsafe Building Law” as now in effect or as hereafter amended from time to time.

Page 69 village code

SECTION 10. OPERATING PERMITS

(a) Operation Permits Required. Operating Permits shall be required for conducting the activities or using the categories of buildings listed below:

- (1) manufacturing, storing, or handling hazardous materials in quantities exceeding those listed in the applicable Maximum Allowable Quantity tables found in Chapter 50 of the FCNYS;
- (2) buildings, structures, facilities, processes, and/or activities that are within the scope and/or permit requirements of the chapter or section title of the FCNYS as follows:
 - (i) Chapter 22, “Combustible Dust-Producing Operations.” Facilities where the operation produces combustible dust;
 - (ii) Chapter 24, “Flammable Finishes.” Operations utilizing flammable or combustible liquids, or the application of combustible powders regulated by Chapter 24 of the FCNYS;
 - (iii) Chapter 25, “Fruit and Crop Ripening.” Operating a fruit- or crop-ripening facility or conducting a fruit-ripening process using ethylene gas;
 - (iv) Chapter 26, “Fumigation and Insecticidal Fogging.” Conducting fumigation or insecticidal fogging operations in buildings, structures, and spaces, except for fumigation or insecticidal fogging performed by the occupant of a detached one-family dwelling;
 - (v) Chapter 31, “Tents, Temporary Special Event Structures, and Other Membrane Structures .” Operating an air-supported temporary membrane structure, a temporary special event structure, or a tent where approval is required pursuant to Chapter 31 of the FCNYS;
 - (vi) Chapter 32, “High-Piled Combustible Storage.” High-piled. combustible storage facilities with more than 500 square feet (including aisles) of high piled storage;
 - (vii) Chapter 34, “Tire Rebuilding and Tire Storage.” Operating a facility that stores in excess of 2,500 cubic feet of scrap tires or tire byproducts or operating a tire rebuilding plant;

(viii) Chapter 35, “Welding and Other Hot Work.” Performing public exhibitions and demonstrations where hot work is conducted, use of hot work, welding, or cutting equipment, inside or on a structure, except an operating permit is not required where work is conducted under the authorization of a building permit or where performed by the occupant of a detached one- or two-family dwelling;

(ix) Chapter 40, “Sugarhouse Alternative Activity Provisions.” Conducting an alternative activity at a sugarhouse;

(x) Chapter 56, “Explosives and Fireworks.” Possessing, manufacturing, storing, handling, selling, or using, explosives, fireworks, or other pyrotechnic special effects materials except the outdoor use of sparkling devices as defined by section 270 of the New York State Penal Law;

(xi) Section 307, “Open Burning, Recreational Fires and Portable Outdoor Fireplaces.” Conducting open burning, not including recreational fires and portable outdoor fireplaces;

(xii) Section 308, “Open Flames.” Removing paint with a torch, or using open flames, fire, and burning in connection with assembly areas or educational occupancies; and

(xiii) Section 319, “Mobile Food Preparation Vehicles.” Operating a mobile food preparation vehicle in accordance with the permitting requirements established by state or local law of the Village of Stillwater, as may be enacted, now in effect, or as hereafter amended from time to time;

- (3) energy storage systems, where the system exceeds the values shown in Table 1206.1 of the FCNYS or exceeds the permitted aggregate ratings in section R327.5 of the RCNYS;
- (4) buildings containing one or more areas of public assembly with an occupant load of 100 persons or more;
- (5) outdoor events where the planned attendance exceeds the minimum permitted capacity as determined by resolution adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Schuylerville;
- (6) facilities that store, handle or use hazardous production materials;
- (7) parking garages as defined in subdivision (a) of section 13 of this local law;
- (8) buildings whose use or occupancy classification may pose a substantial potential hazard to public safety, as determined by resolution adopted by the Village Board of Trustees of the Village of Schuylerville;
- (9) public displays of fireworks, including but not limited to permits governed by article 405 of the New York State Penal Law.
- (10) other processes or activities or for operating any type of building, structure, or facility as determined by resolution adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Schuylerville.

Any person who proposes to undertake any activity or to operate any type of building listed in this subdivision (a) shall be required to obtain an Operating Permit prior to commencing such activity or operation.

(b) Applications for Operating Permits. An application for an Operating Permit shall be in writing on a form provided by or otherwise acceptable to the Bureau of Fire Services. Such application shall include such

information as the or Bureau of Fire Services deems sufficient to permit a determination by the Bureau of Fire Services that quantities, materials, and activities conform to the requirements of the Uniform Code. If the Bureau of Fire Services determines that tests or reports are necessary to verify conformance, such tests or reports shall be performed or provided by such person or persons as may be designated by or otherwise acceptable to the Bureau of Fire Services, at the expense of the applicant.

(c) This subdivision is intentionally omitted.

(d) Inspections. The Bureau of Fire Services, or an Inspector authorized by the Bureau of Fire Service, shall inspect the subject premises prior to the issuance of an Operating Permit. Such inspections shall be performed either in-person or remotely. Remote inspections in lieu of in-person inspections may be performed when, at the discretion of the Bureau of Fire Services, or an Inspector authorized by same, the remote inspection can be performed to the same level and quality as an in-person inspection and the remote inspection shows to the satisfaction of the Bureau of Fire Services, or Inspector authorized by same, that the premises conform with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and the code enforcement program. Should a remote inspection not afford the Bureau of Fire Services sufficient information to make a determination, an in-person inspection shall be performed. After inspection, the premises shall be noted as satisfactory and the operating permit shall be issued, or the operating permit holder shall be notified as to the manner in which the premises fail to comply with either or both of the Uniform Code and the code enforcement program, including a citation to the specific provision or provisions that have not been met.

(d) Multiple Activities. In any circumstance in which more than one activity listed in subdivision (a) of this section is to be conducted at a location, the Bureau of Fire Services may require a separate Operating Permit for each such activity, the Bureau of Fire Services may, in its discretion, issue a single Operating Permit to apply to all such activities.

(e) Duration of Operating Permits. Operating permits shall be issued for such period of time, not to exceed one year in the case of any Operating Permit issued for an area of public assembly and not to exceed three years in any other case, as shall be determined by the Bureau of Fire Services to be consistent with local conditions. The effective period of each Operating Permit shall be specified in the Operating Permit. An Operating Permit may be reissued or renewed upon application to the Bureau of Fire Services, payment of the applicable fee, and approval of such application by the Bureau of Fire Services.

(f) Revocation or suspension of Operating Permits. If the Bureau of Fire Services determines that any activity or building for which an Operating Permit was issued does not comply with any applicable provision of the Uniform Code, such Operating Permit shall be revoked or suspended.

(g) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 18 (Fees) of this local law must be paid at the time submission of an application for an Operating Permit, for an amended Operating Permit, or for reissue or renewal of an Operating Permit.

SECTION 11. FIRE SAFETY AND PROPERTY MAINTENANCE INSPECTIONS

(a) Inspections required. Fire safety and property maintenance inspections of buildings and structures shall be performed pursuant to inspection schedules to be annually adopted by the Bureau of Fire Services, at the following minimum intervals:

- (1) Fire safety and property maintenance inspections of buildings or structures which contain an area of public assembly shall be performed at least once every twelve (12) months.

(2) Fire safety and property maintenance inspections of buildings or structures being occupied as dormitories shall be performed at least once every twelve (12) months.

(3) Fire safety and property maintenance inspections of all multiple dwellings not included in paragraphs (1) or (2) of this subdivision, and all non-residential buildings, structures, uses and occupancies not included in paragraphs (1) or (2) of this subdivision, shall be performed at least once every thirty-six (36) months.

(b) Inspections permitted. In addition to the inspections required by subdivision (a) of this section, a fire safety and property maintenance inspection of any building, structure, use, or occupancy, or of any dwelling unit, may also be performed by the Bureau of Fire Services at any time upon:

- (1) the request of the owner of the property to be inspected or an authorized agent of such owner;
- (2) receipt by the Bureau of Fire Services of a written statement alleging that conditions or activities failing to comply with the Uniform Code or Energy Code exist; or
- (3) receipt by the Bureau of Fire Services of any other information, reasonably believed to be reliable, giving rise to reasonable cause to believe that conditions or activities failing to comply with the Uniform Code or Energy Code exist; provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as permitting an inspection under any circumstances under which a court order or warrant permitting such inspection is required, unless such court order or warrant shall have been obtained.

(c) OFPC Inspections. Nothing in this section or in any other provision of this local law shall supersede, limit or impair the powers, duties and responsibilities of the New York State Office of Fire Prevention and Control ("OFPC") and the New York State Fire Administrator under Executive Law section 156-e and Education Law section 807-b. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, the Department of Code Enforcement:

- (1) shall not perform fire safety and property maintenance inspections of a building or structure which contains an area of public assembly if OFPC performs fire safety and property maintenance inspections of such building or structure at least once every twelve (12) months;
- (2) shall not perform fire safety and property maintenance inspections of a building or structure occupied as a dormitory if OFPC performs fire safety and property maintenance inspections of such building or structure at least once every twelve (12) months;
- (3) shall not perform fire safety and property maintenance inspections of a multiple dwelling not included in paragraphs (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) of this section if OFPC performs fire safety and property maintenance inspections of such multiple dwelling at intervals not exceeding the interval specified in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of this section; and
- (4) shall not perform fire safety and property maintenance inspections of a non-residential building, structure, use or occupancy not included in paragraphs (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) of this section if OFPC performs fire safety and property maintenance inspections of such non-residential building, structure, use or occupancy at intervals not exceeding the interval specified in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of this section.]

(d) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 16 (Fees) of this local law must be paid prior to or at the time each inspection performed pursuant to this section. This subdivision shall not apply to inspections performed by OFPC.

SECTION 12. COMPLAINTS

The Department of Code Enforcement shall review and investigate complaints they receive which allege or assert the existence of conditions or activities that fail to comply with the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, or any other local law or regulation adopted for administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code or the Energy Code. The process for responding to a complaint shall include such of the following steps as the Department of Code Enforcement may deem to be appropriate:

- (a) performing an inspection of the conditions and/or activities alleged to be in violation, and documenting the results of such inspection;
- (b) if a violation is found to exist, providing the owner of the affected property and any other Person who may be responsible for the violation with notice of the violation and opportunity to abate, correct or cure the violation, or otherwise proceeding in the manner described in section 15 (Violations) of this local law;
- (c) if appropriate, issuing a Stop Work Order;
- (d) if a violation which was found to exist is abated or corrected, performing an inspection to ensure that the violation has been abated or corrected, preparing a final written report reflecting such abatement or correction, and filing such report with the complaint.

NO SECTION 13 IN OUR CODE, NOT APPLICABLE?

SECTION 13. CONDITION ASSESSMENTS OF PARKING GARAGES

(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this section:

(1) the term “condition assessment” means an on-site inspection and evaluation of a parking garage for evidence of deterioration of any structural element or building component of such parking garage, evidence of the existence of any unsafe condition in such parking garage, and evidence indicating that such parking garage is an unsafe structure;

(2) the term “deterioration” means the weakening, disintegration, corrosion, rust, or decay of any structural element or building component, or any other loss of effectiveness of a structural element or building component;

(3) the term “parking garage” means any building or structure, or part thereof, in which all or any part of any structural level or levels is used for parking or storage of motor vehicles, excluding:

(i) buildings in which the only level used for parking or storage of motor vehicles is on grade;

(ii) an attached or accessory structure providing parking exclusively for a detached one- or two-family dwelling; and

(iii) a townhouse unit with attached parking exclusively for such unit;

(4) the term “professional engineer” means an individual who is licensed or otherwise authorized under Article 145 of the Education Law to practice the profession of engineering in the State of New York and who has at least three years of experience performing structural evaluations;

(5) the term “responsible professional engineer” means the professional engineer who performs a condition assessment, or under whose supervision a condition assessment is performed, and who seals and signs the condition assessment report. The use of the term “responsible professional engineer” shall not be construed as limiting the professional responsibility or liability of any professional engineer, or of any other licensed professional, who participates in the preparation of a condition assessment without being the responsible professional engineer for such condition assessment.

(6) the term “unsafe condition” includes the conditions identified as “unsafe” in section 304.1.1, section 305.1.1, and section 306.1.1 of the PMCNYS; and

(7) the term “unsafe structure” means a structure that is so damaged, decayed, dilapidated, or structurally unsafe, or is of such faulty construction or unstable foundation, that partial or complete collapse is possible.

(b) Condition Assessments – general requirements. The owner operator of each parking garage shall cause such parking garage to undergo an initial condition assessment as described in subdivision (c) of this section, periodic condition assessments as described in subdivision (d) of this section, and such additional condition assessments as may be required under subdivision (e) of this section. Each condition assessment shall be conducted by or under the direct supervision of a professional engineer. A written report of each condition assessment shall be prepared, and provided to the Village of Schuylerville, in accordance with the requirements of subdivision (f) of this section. Before performing a condition assessment (other than the initial condition assessment) of a parking garage, the responsible professional engineer for such condition assessment shall review all available previous condition assessment reports for such parking garage.

(c) Initial Condition Assessment. Each parking garage shall undergo an initial condition assessment as follows:

(1) Parking garages constructed on or after August 29, 2018, shall undergo an initial condition assessment following construction and prior to a certificate of occupancy or certificate of compliance being issued for the structure.

(2) Parking garages constructed prior to August 29, 2018, shall undergo an initial condition assessment as follows:

(i) if originally constructed prior to January 1, 1984, then prior to October 1, 2019;

(ii) if originally constructed between January 1, 1984 and December 31, 2002, then prior to October 1, 2020; and

(iii) if originally constructed between January 1, 2003 and August 28, 2018, then prior to October 1, 2021.

(3) Any parking garage constructed prior to the effective date of the local law enacting this provision that has not undergone an initial condition assessment prior to that effective date shall undergo an initial condition assessment prior to June first, 2026.

(d) Periodic Condition Assessments. Following the initial condition assessment of a parking garage, such parking garage shall undergo periodic condition assessments at intervals not to exceed 2 years.

(e) Additional Condition Assessments.

(1) If the latest condition assessment report for a parking garage includes a recommendation by the responsible professional engineer that an additional condition assessment of such parking garage, or any portion of such parking garage, be performed before the date by which the next periodic condition assessment would be required under subdivision (c) of this section, the owner or operator of such parking garage shall cause such parking garage (or, if applicable, the portion of such parking garage identified by the responsible professional engineer) to undergo an additional condition assessment no later than the date recommended in such condition assessment report.

(2) If the Village of Schuylerville becomes aware of any new or increased deterioration which, in the judgment of the Village of Schuylerville, indicates that an additional condition assessment of the entire parking garage, or of the portion of the parking garage affected by such new or increased deterioration, should be performed before the date by which the next periodic condition assessment would be required under subdivision (c) of this section, the owner or operator of such parking garage shall cause such parking garage (or, if applicable, the portion of the parking garage affected by such new or increased deterioration) to undergo an additional condition assessment no later than the date determined by the Village of Schuylerville to be appropriate.

(f) Condition Assessment Reports. The responsible professional engineer shall prepare, or directly supervise the preparation of, a written report of each condition assessment, and shall submit such condition assessment report to the Village of Schuylerville within 30 days. Such condition assessment report shall be sealed and signed by the responsible professional engineer, and shall include:

(1) an evaluation and description of the extent of deterioration and conditions that cause deterioration that could result in an unsafe condition or unsafe structure;

(2) an evaluation and description of the extent of deterioration and conditions that cause deterioration that, in the opinion of the responsible professional engineer, should be remedied immediately to prevent an unsafe condition or unsafe structure;

(3) an evaluation and description of the unsafe conditions;

(4) an evaluation and description of the problems associated with the deterioration, conditions that cause deterioration, and unsafe conditions;

(5) an evaluation and description of the corrective options available, including the recommended timeframe for remedying the deterioration, conditions that cause deterioration, and unsafe conditions;

(6) an evaluation and description of the risks associated with not addressing

the deterioration, conditions that cause deterioration, and unsafe conditions;

(7) the responsible professional engineer's recommendation regarding preventative maintenance;

(8) except in the case of the report of the initial condition assessment, the responsible professional engineer's attestation that he or she reviewed all previously prepared condition assessment reports available for such parking garage, and considered the information in the previously prepared reports while performing the current condition assessment and while preparing the current report; and

(9) the responsible professional engineer's recommendation regarding the time within which the next condition assessment of the parking garage or portion thereof should be performed. In making the recommendation regarding the time within which the next condition assessment of the parking garage or portion thereof should be performed, the responsible professional engineer shall consider the parking garage's age, maintenance history, structural condition, construction materials, frequency and intensity of use, location, exposure to the elements, and any other factors deemed relevant by the responsible professional engineer in their professional judgment.

(g) Review Condition Assessment Reports. The Village shall take such enforcement action or actions in response to the information in such condition assessment report as may be necessary or appropriate to protect the public from the hazards that may result from the conditions described in such report. In particular, but not by way of limitation, the Village shall, by Order to Remedy or such other means of enforcement as the Village may deem appropriate, require the owner or operator of the parking garage to repair or otherwise remedy all deterioration, all conditions that cause deterioration, and all unsafe conditions identified in such condition assessment report pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (f). All repairs and remedies shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Uniform Code. This section shall not limit or impair the right of the Village to take any other enforcement action, including but not limited to suspension or revocation of a parking garage's operating permit, as may be necessary or appropriate in response to the information in a condition assessment report.

(h) The Village shall retain all condition assessment reports for the life of the parking garage. Upon request by a professional engineer who has been engaged to perform a condition assessment of a parking garage, and who provides the Village with a written statement attesting to the fact that he or she has been so engaged, the Village shall make the previously prepared condition assessment reports for such parking garage (or copies of such reports) available to such professional engineer. The Village shall be permitted to require the owner or operator of the subject parking garage to pay all costs and expenses associated with making such previously prepared condition assessment reports (or copies thereof) available to the professional engineer.

(i) This section shall not limit or impair the right or the obligation of the Village:

(1) to perform such construction inspections as are required by section 5 (Construction Inspections) of this local law;

(2) to perform such periodic fire safety and property maintenance inspections as are required by section 11 (Fire Safety and Property Maintenance Inspections) of this local law; and/or

(3) to take such enforcement action or actions as may be necessary or

appropriate to respond to any condition that comes to the attention of the Village by means of its own inspections or observations, by means of a complaint, or by any other means other than a condition assessment or a report of a condition assessment.

NOT IN OUR CODE

SECTION 14. CLIMATIC AND GEOGRAPHIC DESIGN CRITERIA

(a) The Code Enforcement Officer shall determine the climatic and geographic design criteria for buildings and structures constructed within this Village of Schuylerville as required by the Uniform Code. Such determinations shall be made in the manner specified in the Uniform Code using, where applicable, the maps, charts, and other information provided in the Uniform Code. The criteria to be so determined shall include but shall not necessarily be limited to, the following:

(1) design criteria to include ground snow load; wind design loads; seismic category; potential damage from weathering, frost, and termite; winter design temperature; whether ice barrier underlayment is required; the air freezing index; and the mean annual temperature;

(2) heating and cooling equipment design criteria for structures within the scope of the RCNYS. The design criteria shall include the data identified in the Design Criteria Table found in Chapter 3 of the RCNYS; and

(3) flood hazard areas, flood hazard maps, and supporting data. The flood hazard map shall include, at a minimum, special flood hazard areas as identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in the Flood Insurance Study for the community, as amended or revised with:

- (i) the accompanying Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM);
- (ii) Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (FBFM); and
- (iii) related supporting data along with any revisions thereto.

(b) The Department of Code Enforcement shall prepare a written record of the climatic and geographic design criteria determined pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section, shall maintain such record within the Department of Code Enforcement, and shall make such record readily available to the public.

SECTION 15. RECORD KEEPING

(a) The Department of Code Enforcement and Bureau of Fire Services shall keep permanent official records of all transactions and activities conducted by all personnel, including records of:

- (1) all applications received, reviewed and approved or denied;
- (2) all plans, specifications and construction documents approved;
- (3) all Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Temporary Certificates, Stop Work Orders, and Operating Permits issued;
- (4) all inspections and tests performed;

- (5) all statements and reports issued;
- (6) all complaints received;
- (7) all investigations conducted;
- (8) all condition assessment reports received;
- (9) all fees charged and collected; and
- (10) all other features and activities specified in or contemplated by sections 4 through 14, inclusive, of this local law.

(b) All such records shall be public records available for public inspection subject to applicable law during normal business hours. All plans and records pertaining to buildings or structures, or appurtenances thereto, shall be retained for at least the minimum time period so required by State law and regulation.

SECTION 16. PROGRAM REVIEW, AUDIT AND REPORTING

(a) The Department of Code Enforcement & Bureau of Fire Services shall annually submit to the Village Board of Trustees of this Village a written report and summary of all business conducted by the Department of Code Enforcement & Bureau of Fire Services respectively, including a report and summary of all transactions and activities described in section 15 (Record Keeping) of this local law and a report and summary of all appeals or litigation pending or concluded.

(b) The Department of Code Enforcement shall annually submit to the Secretary of State, on behalf of this Village, on a form prescribed by the Secretary of State, a report of the activities of this Village relative to administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code.

(c) The Department of Code Enforcement & Bureau of Fire Services shall, upon request of the New York State Department of State, provide to the New York State Department of State, from the records and related materials this Village is required to maintain, excerpts, summaries, tabulations, statistics and other information and accounts of the activities of this Village in connection with administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code.

(d) New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code local enforcement Program Review and Audit Board. A Program Review and Audit Board shall be established consisting of the Mayor, one Village Trustee appointed by the Mayor, The Village Attorney, A citizen of the Village appointed by the Mayor, and a member of the ethic board as appointed by the Mayor. A Supervisor in Law Enforcement may also participate by request of the board.

(a) Review and Audit. The Mayor shall pick at random 10% of all building and operating permits, Stop Work Orders, Notices of Violation and Orders to Remedy, Fire Safety and Property Maintenance Inspections, all other documents pertaining to these items such as inspection reports, Certificates of Compliance or Occupancy etc., and any other type of issued permit or activity if requested by the board.

(1) Document preparation. The Department of Code Enforcement and Bureau of Fire Services shall prepare all documents as designated by random by the Mayor and provide them to the board for review and audit as well as the sections of this local law applicable to each category.

(2) Board Function. The board shall review all documents to ensure compliance with this local law and that all funds received were properly charged, handled, and deposited. Any variations from this local law or missing documentation shall be noted by the board.

(b) Review and Audit Report. The board shall conduct the review and audit in the month of march for the preceding calendar year and have a report of their finding available for public review by the end of the month of May.

(c) Effective Date. The program review, audit and reporting shall take effective for the 2026 calendar year of enforcement activities.

SECTION 17: VIOLATIONS

(a) Order to Remedy. The Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services is authorized to order in writing the remedying of any condition or activity found to exist in, on or about any building, structure, or premises in violation of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law. Upon finding that any such condition or activity exists, the Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services shall issue a Compliance Order. The Compliance Order shall (1) be in writing; (2) be dated and signed by the Code Enforcement Official; (3) specify the condition or activity that violates the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law; (4) specify the provision or provisions of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law which is/are violated by the specified condition or activity; (5) specify the period of time which the Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services deems to be reasonably necessary for achieving compliance; (6) direct that compliance be achieved within the specified period of time; and (7) state that an action or proceeding to compel compliance may be instituted if compliance is not achieved within the specified period of time. The Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services shall cause the Order to Remedy, or a copy thereof, to be served on the owner of the affected property personally or by certified mail. The Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services shall be permitted, but not required, to cause the Compliance Order, or a copy thereof, to be served on any builder, architect, tenant, contractor, subcontractor, construction superintendent, or their agents, or any other Person taking part or assisting in work being performed at the affected property personally or by certified mail; provided, however, that failure to serve any Person mentioned in this sentence shall not affect the efficacy of the Order to Remedy.

(b) Appearance Tickets. Certified Code Enforcement Officials of the Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services are authorized to issue appearance tickets for any violation of the Uniform Code.

(c) Civil Penalties. In addition to those penalties proscribed by State law, any Person who violates any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code or this local law, or any term or condition of any Building Permit, Certificate of Occupancy, Temporary Certificate, Stop Work Order, Operating Permit or other notice or order issued by a Certified Code Enforcement Official of the Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services pursuant to any provision of this local law, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not less than \$200 for each day or part thereof during which such violation continues. The civil penalties provided by this subdivision shall be recoverable in an action instituted in the name of this Village.

(d) Injunctive Relief. An action or proceeding may be instituted in the name of this Village, in a court of competent jurisdiction, to prevent, restrain, enjoin, correct, or abate any violation of, or to enforce, any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, or any term or condition of any Building Permit, Certificate

of Occupancy, Temporary Certificate, Stop Work Order, Operating Permit, Order to Remedy, or other notice or order issued by the Code Enforcement Officer or Bureau of Fire Services pursuant to any provision of this local law. In particular, but not by way of limitation, where the construction or use of a building or structure is in violation of any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, or any Stop Work Order, Compliance Order or other order obtained under the Uniform Code, the Energy Code or this local law, an action or proceeding may be commenced in the name of this Village, in the Supreme Court or in any other court having the requisite jurisdiction, to obtain an order directing the removal of the building or structure or an abatement of the condition in violation of such provisions. No action or proceeding described in this subdivision shall be commenced without the appropriate authorization from the Village Board of Trustees of this Village.

(e) Remedies Not Exclusive. No remedy or penalty specified in this section shall be the exclusive remedy or remedy available to address any violation described in this section, and each remedy or penalty specified in this section shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for or limitation of, the other remedies or penalties specified in this section, in section 6 (Stop Work Orders) of this local law, in any other section of this local law, or in any other applicable law. Any remedy or penalty specified in this section may be pursued at any time, whether prior to, simultaneously with, or after the pursuit of any other remedy or penalty specified in this section, in section 6 (Stop Work Orders) of this local law, in any other section of this local law, or in any other applicable law. In particular, but not by way of limitation, each remedy and penalty specified in this section shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for or limitation of, the penalties specified in subdivision (2) of section 382 of the Executive Law, and any remedy or penalty specified in this section may be pursued at any time, whether prior to, simultaneously with, or after the pursuit of any penalty specified in subdivision (2) of section 382 of the Executive Law.

SECTION 18: FEES

A fee schedule shall be established by resolution of the Village Board of Trustees of this Village. Such fee schedule may thereafter be amended from time to time by like resolution. The fees set forth in, or determined in accordance with, such fee schedule or amended fee schedule shall be charged and collected for the submission of applications, the issuance of Building Permits, amended Building Permits, renewed Building Permits, Certificate of Occupancy, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, Operating Permits, Certificates of Compliance, fire safety and property maintenance inspections, and other actions of the Department of Code Enforcement or Bureau of Fire Services described in or contemplated by this local law.

SECTION 19. INTERMUNICIPAL AGREEMENTS

The Village Board of Trustees of this Village may, by resolution, authorize the Mayor of this Village to enter into an agreement, in the name of this Village, with other governments to carry out the terms of this local law, provided that such agreement does not violate any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, Part 1203 of Title 19 of the NYCRR, or any other applicable law.

SECTION 20. PARTIAL INVALIDITY

If any section of this local law shall be held unconstitutional, invalid, or ineffective, in whole or in part, such determination shall not be deemed to affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this local law.

SECTION 21. EFFECTIVE DATE

This local law shall take effect immediately upon filing in the office of the New York State Secretary of State in accordance with section 27 of the Municipal Home Rule Law.